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To:		FROM: Peter D. McDermott			
Examine	r Marc E. Norman, Group 3744				
COMPANY	:	DATE:			
United \$1	tates Patent and Trademark Office	November 14, 2002			
FAX NUMBER:		TOTAL NO. OF PAGES (INCLUDING COVER SHEET)			
703-872-9	9302	35 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
YOUR REFERENCE No.:		OUR REFERENCE (C/M) No.:			
US Serial No. 09/921,334 Filed August 3, 2001		011670.00006			
Title: Inventor:	PULSED FLOW FOR CAPACITY CO	ONTROL			
If you do call:	not receive all page(s) or have any p	problems receiving this transmission, please			
	Peter McDermott/				
NAME:	Rachelle Chery	PHONE: 617-227-7111			

Dear Examiner Norman.

Applicant wish to submit the enclosed Supplemental Paper for Request for FAX RECEIVED Interference Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.607.

Respectfully submitted,

Peter McDermott Reg. No. 29,411

Customer No. 22910

Certificate of Facsimile

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being faxed to Attn: Examiner Marc E. Norman, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box REISSUE, Washington, D.C. 20231, fax # 703-

Rachelle Chery

NOV 1 4 2002

GROUP 3700

011670.00006 PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant:

Lifson, Alexander

Group Art Unit:

3744

Serial No.:

09/921,334

Examiner:

Norman, M.

Filed:

August 03, 2001

For:

PULSED FLOW FOR CAPACITY CONTROL

Original Filing Date:

December 8, 1997

Original Patent No:

6,047,556

Granted:

April 11, 2000

SUPPLEMENTAL PAPER FOR REQUEST FOR INTERFERENCE UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.607

Dear Sir:

This paper is filed supplemental to a Request for Interference under 37 C.F.R. § 1.607 (filed on August 3, 2001) to clarify further the interfering subject matter of the above-referenced reissue application (U.S. 09/921,334) and U.S. Patent No. 6,206,652 granted to Caillat (hereafter referred to as "Caillat").

In the Request for Interference under 37 C.F.R. § 1,607, Applicant requested that the Examiner declare an interference between selected claims of the instant reissue application and the claims of Caillat. In keeping with U.S. Patent Office practice and procedures, the determination of interference by Examiner Norman was postponed until the claims of the instant reissue application were in condition for allowance.

In a first Office Action, original claims 1-3 were allowed. Applicant filed a Response to the Office Action and discussed the patentability of claims 4-38 in an interview with Examiner Norman on 5 September 2002. On 11 September 2002,

PATENT

Applicant filed a Supplemental Response to Office Action. Claims 20 and 26 were cancelled without prejudice to Applicant's right to pursue the subject matter of those claims in another application.

In a Second Supplemental Response to Office Action filed on 8 October 2002, Applicant amended claims 4, 9, 14, 17, 24, 29, 33 and 35 to more distinctly define and particularly characterize the reissue claims.

Because all claims of the reissue application are believed to be in condition for allowance, Applicant requests that the Examiner now declare an interference between selected claims of the instant reissue application and the claims of Caillat. To assist the Examiner in declaring an interference, the interfering subject matter of the reissue claims and Caillat's claims is detailed below.

I. Applicant Requests Declaration of an Interference Between the Instant Reissue Application and Caillat

Applicant requests that an interference be declared between claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application, having an effective filing date of December 8, 1997, and claims 1-29 of Caillat, issued on March 27, 2001 and having an effective filing date of August 25, 1998. In view of the respective effective filing dates, Applicant should be declared senior party.

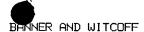
II. Proposed Counts

Applicant proposes the following counts.

Count I

Claim 4 of US 09/921,334 or claim 1 of Caillat.

On 17 September 2002, Applicant filed a Substitute Supplemental Response to Office Action in which Applicant amended the claims to comply with the reissue rules for underlining amended claims.



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Alternative Count I

An air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising a compressor having a refrigeration fluid suction line and a suction line valve in the refrigeration fluid suction line, the suction line valve being cyclable between open and closed positions, the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation, the suction line valve operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Count II

Claim 33 of US 09/921,334 or Claim 29 of Caillat.

Alternative Count II

A method of modulating the capacity of a compressor comprising cycling a suction line valve, in fluid communication with the compressor, using a cycle time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity, the suction line valve being operable between open and closed positions to cyclically allow and prevent flow of refrigeration fluid into the compressor, the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation.

III. Claims in the Instant Reissue Application and in Caillat that Correspond to Proposed Count I, Proposed Alternative Count I, Count II and Proposed Alternative Count II2

a. Count I

Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the instant reissue application and Claims 1-28 of Caillat correspond to proposed Count I.

² Please see discussion of claim language in Section IV below.

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b. Alternative Count I

Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the instant reissue application and Claims 1-28 of Caillat correspond to proposed Alternative Count I.

c. Count II

Claims 33-34 of the instant reissue application and Claim 29 of Caillat correspond to proposed Count II.

d. Alternative Count II

Claims 33-34 of the instant reissue application and Claim 29 of Caillat correspond to proposed Alternative Count II.

IV. The Claim Language Used in the Instant Reissue Application and the Claim Language used in Caillat Define Interfering Subject Matter

(a) Overview

A typical air conditioning or refrigeration system has a compressor that receives refrigerant from a suction line. The compressor compresses the refrigerant causing the temperature of the refrigerant to increase. The compressed refrigerant passes from the compressor by a discharge line to a condenser in which it cools. The cooled refrigerant passes from the condenser through a throttle valve to an evaporator that allows the refrigerant to absorb heat. A fan blows air, e.g. from a building, over the evaporator coils to cool down the air, which is then returned to the building.

In accordance with the subject matter of selected reissue claims, to increase the efficiency of the entire air conditioning or refrigeration system, a valve is provided in a suction line. Opening of the suction line valve allows for refrigerant fluid flow into the compressor. In normal operation, closing of the suction line valve prevents any refrigerant fluid flow into the compressor, other than optionally permitting a limited flow to prevent vacuum pump operation.

Supplemental Paper for Request for Interference Between U.S. 09/921,334 (Reissue of U.S. Patent No. 6,047,556) and U.S. Patent No. 6,206,652 Page 4 of 12 011670.00006 PATENT

Also in accordance with the subject matter of selected instant reissue claims (claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34), a suction line valve is operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity. At column 1, lines 32-35, the specification of the instant reissue application states:

> because the cycling time [of the suction line valve] is so much shorter than the response time of the system, it is as though the valve(s) are partially opened rather than being cycled between their open and closed positions.

Therefore, by cycling the valve using a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system, the compressor capacity is modulated which results in a more efficient air conditioning or refrigeration system.

As discussed in more detail below, instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23, and 29-34 and claims 1-29 of Caillat are directed to the same interfering subject matter. That is, instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 and claims 1-29 of Caillat call for a valve with a cycling time less than the time required for the controlled variable (typically, e.g., pressure, temperature or flow of the system) to reach a specified value, to modulate compressor capacity.

(b) Terms Used in the Reissue Claims and in Caillat Have the Same Meaning

Even though the claim language used in the instant reissue application and in Caillat is not *ipsis verbis* the same, the meaning of the claim language, in the context of the present inventive subject matter, defines the same subject matter under 37 C.F.R. § 1.601(n). As further discussed below, the subject matter of claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application is the same as the subject matter of Caillat's claims 1-29, or in the alternative, the subject matter of claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application is obvious in view of Caillat's claims 1-29. Likewise, the subject matter of Caillat's claims 1-29 is the same as the subject matter of instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34, or in the alternative, the subject

PATENT

matter of Caillat's claims 1-29 is obvious in view of instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34.

Each of claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application recites a valve cycled "with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to control fluid flow to the compressor to modulate compressor capacity."

Each of claims 1-16 of Caillat recites "cycling a valve such that its cycle time is substantially smaller than the time constant of the load on said compressor." Each of claims 17-28 of Caillat recites "actuating said valve to an open position for first predetermined time periods and to a closed position for second predetermined time periods, the ratio of said first predetermined time periods to the sum of said first and second predetermined time periods being less than a given load time constant and determining the percentage modulation of the capacity of said compressor." Similarly, claim 29 of Caillat recites "pulsing a valve between open and closed positions for said first and second time periods respectively to thereby modulate the capacity of said compressor in response to said system operating parameter."

The claim language used in the instant reissue claims (claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 2934) defines the same subject matter, in the context of the claimed invention, as the claim language used in Caillat (claims 1-29). Because the claim language of the instant reissue application and the claims of Caillat define the same subject matter, an interference between claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and Caillat's claims 1-29 should be declared.

(c) Definitions

Response Time: As used in Mark's Standard Handbook for Mechanical Engineers, Eighth Edition, 1978, pp. 16-25, response time is the time required for the controlled variable to reach a specified value after the application of a step input or disturbance. As used in the McGraw-Hill Dictionary of Scientific and Technical Terms, Third Edition, 1984, response time is the time required for the output of a control system

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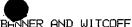
or element to reach a specified fraction of its new value after application of a step input or disturbance.

Time Constant: As used in the McGraw-Hill Dictionary of Scientific and Technical Terms, time constant is (a) the time required for a physical quantity to rise from zero to 1-(1/e) (63.2%) of its final steady state value when it varies with time as e-kt (where t is time and k is a constant); (b) the time required for a physical quantity to fall to 1/e (that is, 36.8%) of its initial value when it varies with time as e-kt; (c) generally, the time required for an instrument to indicate a given percentage of the final reading resulting from an input signal."

(d) Application of Definitions to Claim Language

Based on these definitions, the terms time constant and response time have the same meaning. That is, in the context of the instant reissue claims and Caillat's claims, the time required for a controlled variable to reach a specified value (definition of response time) means the same as the time required for a physical quantity, i.e. a controlled variable, to reach a specified value (definition of time constant).

In view of the interchangeability of the terms response time and time constant, claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-29 of Caillat define interfering subject matter. In particular (as summarized in Table I below), Caillat's recitation in claims 1-16 of "cycling a valve such that its cycle time is substantially smaller than the time constant of the load on said compressor" has the same meaning to those skilled in the art, in the context of the claimed invention, as Applicant's recitation in claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of "a valve operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to control fluid flow to the compressor to modulate compressor capacity."



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Table I

	Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the Instant Reissue Claims	Claims 1-16 of Caillat
Claim Language	"valve, in fluid communication with the compressor, operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to control fluid flow to the compressor to modulate compressor capacity."	its cycle time is substantially smaller than the time constant of
Meaning of bolded text to those skilled in the art	a valve with a cycling time less than the time required for the controlled variable to reach a specified value, to modulate compressor capacity	than the time required for the controlled variable to reach a

Therefore, claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-16 of Caillat define interfering subject matter.

Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the instant reissue application and the claims 17-28 of Caillat define interfering subject matter. In particular (as summarized in Table II below), Caillat's recitation in claims 17-28 of "actuating said valve to an open position for first predetermined time periods and to a closed position for second predetermined time periods, the ratio of said first predetermined time periods to the sum of said first and second predetermined time periods being less than a given load time constant and determining the percentage modulation of the capacity of said compressor" has the same meaning to those skilled in the art, in the context of the claimed invention, as Applicant's recitation in claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of "a valve operative to

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cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity."

Table II

	Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 Of the Instant Reissue Claims	Claims 17-28 of Caillat
Claim Language	"valve, in fluid communication with the compressor, operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to control fluid flow to the compressor to modulate compressor capacity."	a closed position for second predetermined time periods, the ratio of said first predetermined
Meaning of bolded text to those skilled in the art	a valve cycled with a cycling time less than the time required for the controlled variable to reach a specified value, to modulate compressor capacity	a valve cycled with a cycling time less than the time required for the controlled variable to reach a specified value, to modulate compressor capacity

Therefore, claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 of the instant reissue application and claims 17-28 of Caillat define interfering subject matter.

Each of claims 33-34 of the instant reissue application and claim 29 of Caillat defines interfering subject matter. In particular (as summarized in Table III below), Caillat's recitation of "pulsing a valve between open and closed positions for said first and second time periods respectively to thereby modulate the capacity of said compressor in response to said system operating parameter" has the same meaning to those skilled in

PATENT

the art, in the context of the claimed invention, as Applicant's recitation of "cycling a suction line valve, in fluid communication with the compressor, using a cycle time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity."

Table III

	Claims 33-34 of the Instant Reissue Claims	Claim 29 of Caillat
Claim Language	"cycling a suction line valve, in fluid communication with the compressor, using a cycle time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity, the suction line valve being cyclable between open and closed positions"	open and closed positions for said first and second time periods respectively to thereby modulate the capacity of said
Meaning of bolded text to those skilled in the art	Cycling a valve with a cycling time less than the time required for the controlled variable to reach a specified value, to modulate compressor capacity	time less than the time required for the controlled variable to

Therefore, each of claims 33-34 of the instant reissue application and claim 29 of Caillat define interfering subject matter.

As discussed above, although the claim language of the claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-29 of Caillat differs literally, the meaning of the claim language to those skilled in the art, in the context of the claimed invention, is the same. Because the meaning of the claim language is the same, claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-29 of Caillat define interfering subject matter. Accordingly, an interference should be declared between instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 and claims 1-29 of Caillat.

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V. Supporting Language for Claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the Instant Reissue Application

The terms of each of claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 corresponding to proposed Count I are supported in Applicant's specification as shown in attached Exhibit A.

The terms of each of claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-32 corresponding to proposed Alternative Count II are supported in Applicant's specification as shown in attached Exhibit B.

The terms of each of claims 33-34 corresponding to proposed Count II are support in Applicant's specification as shown in attached Exhibit C.

The terms of each of claims 33-34 corresponding to proposed Alternative Count II are supported in Applicant's specification as shown in attached Exhibit D.

The support shown in each of Exhibits A-D is, in general, merely exemplary and/or illustrative of the full support provided by the specification, figure, abstract and claims.

VI. The Requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 135(b) are Satisfied

Because the instant reissue application was filed on August 03, 2001 (and has an effective filing date of December 8, 1997), which is within one year of issuance of Caillat (Caillat issued on March 27, 2001), the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 135(b) are not applicable or have been met.

VII. Applicant is Prima Facie Entitled to Judgment on Priority

Because Applicant's effective filing date of December 8, 1997 is over eight months prior to the effective filing date of Caillat, which is August 25, 1998, Applicant is prima facie entitled to judgment on priority with respect to the effective filing date of the instant reissue application. That is, because Applicant's effective filing date pre-dates the effective filing date of Caillat by over eight months, Applicant is entitled to judgment on

PATENT

priority with respect to the interfering subject matter defined by instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 and claims 1-29 of Caillat.

VIII. Conclusion

An interference should be declared between claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-29 of Caillat, and Applicant is *prima facie* entitled to judgment on priority with respect to the interfering subject matter defined by instant reissue claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 and claims 1-29 of Caillat.

Applicant respectfully requests declaration of an interference between claims 4-13, 17-19, 21-23 and 29-34 of the instant reissue application and claims 1-29 of Caillat.

Respectfully submitted,

Lifson, A.

Date: 14 November 2002

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CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being faxed to Attn: Examiner Marc E. Norman, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box REISSUE, Washington, D.C. 20231, fax #

703-872-9307 gn: November 14, 2002

Rachelle Chery

14 November 2002

Date

EXHIBIT A

Claim Language

Claim 4. An air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising:

ao evaporator;

a compressor;

a refrigeration fluid suction line from the evaporator to the compressor; and

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line

being cyclable between open and closed positions,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation,

the suction line valve operative to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Abstract and Figure

Evaporator 22 in the Figure

Compressor 12 in the Figure

Line 24 in the Figure

Valve 54 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 41-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 4648

Column 1, lines 32-35

Claim Language

Claim 5. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4 further comprising

signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation a capacity controller operative to generate a control

and operatively connected to the valve to send capacity cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity. control signals to cycle the valve with a

Claim 6. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4

wherein the valve is cycled between a fully open and a fully closed position. Claim 7. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 5 wherein

the controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 8. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4 wherein

the valve is a solenoid valve.

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, line 22-23

Abstract; Fig. 1; Column 1, lines 26-30; Column 2, lines 26-48

Column 1, lines 25-27

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Claim Language

Claim 9. An air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising:

an evaporator;

a compressor;

a refrigeration fluid suction line from the evaporator to the compressor

to carry refrigeration fluid from the evaporator to the compressor the refrigeration fluid suction line operative

a control signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation; and a capacity controller operative to generate

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line,

operatively connected to the controller to receive capacity control signals from the controller and

being cyclable between open and closed positions

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation, other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration

to capacity control signals received from the controller the suction line valve operative in response

to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Abstract and Figure

Evaporator 22 in the Figure

Compressor 12 in the Figure

Line 24 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 32-37

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Valve 54 in the Figure

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 2, lines 41-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 1, lines 32-35; Column 2, lines 26-48

Column 1, lines 32-35

Claim Language

Supporting Language in the Specification

Column 1, lines 25-27

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 2, lines 46-48

Claim 10. The system of claim

wherein the valve is cycled between a fully open position and a fully closed position.

Claim 11. The system of claim

wherein the system capacity controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 12. The system of claim

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

Claim 13. The system of claim 10

wherein the valve in the fully closed position permits a limited fluid flow through the refrigerant flow line. ٩

Claim Language

an air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising: Claim 17. A capacity modulated compressor for

a compressor housing comprising a compression chamber,

a refrigeration fluid suction line operative to pass refrigerant to the compression chamber

to pass compressed refrigerant from the compression chamber and at least one refrigerant discharge line operative

a capacity controller operative to generate a control signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation; and

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line,

operatively connected to the controller to receive capacity control signals from the controller and being cyclable between open and closed positions,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

other than optionally permitting a limited flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation.

to capacity control signals received from the controller the suction line valve operative in response

to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Figure; Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48

Figure; Column 2, lines 32-37

Figure; Column 1, lines 27-30

Line 14 in the Figure, Column 2, lines 26-37

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

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Valve 54 in the Figure; Column 1 lines 27-30

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 2, lines 41-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 2, lines 26-48

Column 1, lines 32-35

Column 1, lines 25-27

Fig. 1; Column 2, lines 6-25

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 2, lines 46-48

Claim Language

Claim 18. The compressor of

claim 17

wherein the valve is cycled between a fully closed position and a fully

open position.

Claim 19. The compressor of claim 17

at least one refrigerant injection port. refrigerant flow line upstream with wherein the valve is disposed in a respect to refrigerant flow to said

Claim 21. The compressor of claim 17 wherein the system capacity controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 22. The compressor of

claim 17

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

Claim 23. The compressor of claim 18 wherein the valve in the fully closed position permits a limited fluid flow through the refrigerant flow line.

Claim Language

Claim 29. A capacity modulated compressor comprising:

a compressor having a refrigeration fluid suction line for supplying refrigeration fluid to the compressor,

a suction line valve provided in the suction line to the compressor,

the suction line valve being operable between open and closed positions positions to cyclically allow and prevent flow of refrigeration fluid into the compressor,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor other than optionally

other than optionally permitting a limited flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation,

a controller for actuating the suction line valve between the open and closed positions, the controller being operative to cycle the suction line valve such that its cycle time is shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity,

Supporting Language in the Specification

Figure; Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48

the Figure; Column 2, lines 32-37

valve 54 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 32-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 1, lines 32-35

Abstract; Summary; Fig. 1

Claim Language

Claim 30. The capacity modulated compressor

of claim 29

wherein the valve is positioned in close proximity to the compressor.

Claim 31. The capacity modulated compressor of

claim 29

wherein the valve is a bidirectional valve.

Claim 32. The capacity modulated compressor of claim 29

Column 1, lines 25-27

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EXHIBIT B

Supporting Language in	upporting Langua	-	
upporting Langua	upporting Langua	ļn	
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Abstract and Figure

Evaporator 22 in the Figure

Compressor 12 in the Figure

Valve 54 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 1, lines 32-35

he Specification

Line 24 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 41-45

BANNER AND WITCOFF

Column 2, lines 46-48

Claim Language

Claim 4. An air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising:

a refrigeration fluid suction line from the evaporator to the compressor; and

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line

being cyclable between open and closed positions,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation

preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation, other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration

to modulate compressor capacity.

with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system the suction line valve operative to cycle

a compressor;

an evaporator;

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, line 22-23

Abstract, Fig. 1; Column 1, lines 26-30; Column 2, lines 26-48

Column 1, lines 25-27

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Claim Language

Claim 5. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4 further comprising

signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation a capacity controller operative to generate a control

and operatively connected to the valve to send capacity cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity. control signals to cycle the valve with a

Claim 6. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4

wherein the valve is cycled between a fully open and a fully closed position. Claim 7. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 5 wherein

the controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 8. The air conditioning or refrigeration system of claim 4 wherein

the valve is a solenoid valve.

•,

Claim Language

Claim 9. An air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising:

an evaporator;

a compressor;

a refrigeration fluid suction line from the evaporator to the compressor

the refrigeration fluid suction line operative to carry refrigeration fluid from the evaporator to the compressor a capacity controller operative to generate a control signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation; and

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line,

operatively connected to the controller to receive capacity control signals from the controller and

being cyclable between open and closed positions

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation,

the suction line valve operative in response to capacity control signals received from the controller to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Abstract and Figure

Evaporator 22 in the Figure

Compressor 12 in the Figure

Line 24 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 32-37

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Valve 54 in the Figure

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 2, lines 41-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 1, lines 32-35; Column 2, lines 26-48

Column I, lines 32-35

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Claim Language

Claim 10. The system of claim

wherein the valve is cycled between

a fully open position and a fully

closed position.

Claim 11. The system of claim

wherein the system capacity controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 12. The system of claim

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

Claim 13. The system of claim 10

wherein the valve in the fully closed position permits a limited fluid flow through the refrigerant flow line.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Column 1, lines 25-27

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 2, lines 46-48

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Claim Language

Claim 17. A capacity modulated compressor for an air conditioning or refrigeration system comprising:

a compressor housing comprising a compression chamber,

a refrigeration fluid suction line operative to pass refrigerant to the compression chamber

and at least one refrigerant discharge line operalive to pass compressed refrigerant from the compression chamber;

a capacity controller operative to generate a control signal corresponding to desired capacity modulation; and

a suction line valve, in the refrigeration fluid suction line,

operatively connected to the controller to receive capacity control signals from the controller and

being cyclable between open and closed positions,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor

other than optionally permitting a limited flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation.

the suction line valve operative in response to capacity control signals received from the controller

to cycle with a cycling time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Figure; Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48

Figure; Column 2, lines 32-37

Figure; Column 1, lines 27-30

Line 14 in the Figure; Column 2, lines 26-37

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Valve 54 in the Figure; Column 1 lines 27-30

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 2, lines 41-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 2, lines 26-48

Column 1, lines 32-35

Column 1, lines 25-27

Fig. 1; Column 2, lines 6-25

Microprocessor controller 100 in Fig 1; Column 2, lines 22-23

Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 2, lines 46-48

Claim Language

Claim 18. The compressor of claim 17 wherein the valve is cycled between a fully closed position and a fully open position.

Claim 19. The compressor of claim 17

at least one refrigerant injection port. refrigerant flow line upstream with wherein the valve is disposed in a respect to refrigerant flow to said

Claim 21. The compressor of claim 17

wherein the system capacity controller comprises a microprocessor.

Claim 22. The compressor of claim 17

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

Claim 23. The compressor of claim 18 wherein the valve in the fully closed position permits a limited fluid flow through the refrigerant flow line.

Claim Language

Claim 29. A capacity modulated compressor comprising:

a compressor having a refrigeration fluid suction line for supplying refrigeration fluid to the compressor;

a suction line valve provided in the suction line to the compressor,

the suction line valve being operable between open and closed positions positions to cyclically allow and prevent flow of refrigeration fluid into the compressor,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compressor other than optionally

other than optionally permitting a limited flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation, a controller for actuating the suction line valve

between the open and closed positions,

the controller being operative to cycle the suction line valve such that its cycle time is shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Figure; Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48

the Figure; Column 2, lines 32-37

valve 54 in the Figure

Column 2, lines 32-45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Figure; Column 2, lines 22-25

Column 1, lines 32-35

Claim Language

Claim 30. The capacity modulated compressor of claim 29

wherein the valve is positioned in close proximity to the compressor.

Claim 31. The capacity modulated compressor of claim 29

wherein the valve is a bidirectional valve.

Claim 32. The capacity modulated compressor of claim 29

Abstract; Summary; Fig. 1

,

Column 1, lines 25-27

EXHIBIT C

EXHIBIT D

Claim Language

Claim 33. A method of modulating the capacity of a compressor in an air conditioning or refrigeration system

comprising cycling a suction line valve, in fluid communication with the compressor,

using a cycle time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity,

the suction line valve being operable between open and closed positions to cyclically allow and prevent flow of refrigeration fluid into the compressor,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compression chamber

other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation.

Claim 34. The method of claim 33

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

Supporting Language in the Specification

Figure; Abstract, Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48 Valve 54 in the Figure; Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 2, lines 32.45

Column 1, lines 32-25

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 1, lines 25-27

Figure; Abstract; Column 1, line 65 to Column 2, line 48

Claim 33. A method of modulating the capacity of a compressor

in an air conditioning or refrigeration system

Claim Language

Valve 54 in the Figure; Column 1, lines 25-27

Column 1, lines 32-25

Column 2, lines 32.45

Column 2, lines 32-37

Column 2, lines 46-48

Column 1, lines 25-27

using a cycle time shorter than the response time of the system to modulate compressor capacity,

the suction line valve being operable between open and closed positions to cyclically allow and prevent flow of refrigeration fluid into the compressor,

the suction line valve in the closed position in normal operation preventing refrigeration fluid flow to the compression chamber

other than optionally permitting a limited refrigeration fluid flow through the suction line valve to prevent vacuum pump operation.

Claim 34. The method of claim 33

wherein the valve is a solenoid valve.

in fluid communication with the compressor,

comprising cycling a suction line valve,